

### **SLOW INFUSION EPOXY – A-298/B-226**

#### **Description:**

Slow Infusion Epoxy is a two-component, very low viscosity system developed specifically for use in resin infusion and VARTM processes. Slow Infusion Epoxy was formulated to provide for rapid saturation of carbon fiber laminate, fiberglass and Kevlar while also allowing for maximum open time. Processability parameters are enhanced due to Slow Infusion Epoxy's low mixed viscosity and wet-out potential. This system is not designed to be used in open mold applications.

# Handling **Properties:**

1,044	ASTM D 2196
9.49	ASTM D 792
38	ASTM D 2196
7.80	ASTM D 792
Clear	
9.04	ASTM D 792
3/1 (3.65/1)	
290	ASTM D 2196
450	ASTM D 2471
210	
	9.49 38 7.80 Clear 9.04 3/1 (3.65/1) 290 450

<sup>\*</sup>The working time varies according to the temperature of the air, the epoxy and the surface to which it is applied.

Note: Above viscosities/densities measured @ 77°F.

# Physical Properties:

TENSILE STRENGTH, psi	10,200	ASTM D 638
TENSILE MODULUS, psi	289,000	ASTM D 638
ELONGATION @ BREAK, %	4.00	ASTM D 638
COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, psi	13,500	ASTM D 695
COMPRESSIVE MODULUS, psi	276,000	ASTM D 695
FLEXURAL STRENGTH, psi	17,600	ASTM D 790
FLEXURAL MODULUS, psi	1,073,000	ASTM D 790
HARDNESS, Shore D	87D	ASTM D 2240

Cure Cycle: 24 hours @ Room Temperature + 8 hours @ 180°F. Test specimens for above were neat epoxy (without fiber reinforcement).

# Thermal Properties:

Tg DMA Peak Tan Delta, °F (°C)*	218 (104)	ASTM E 1640
Tg DMA Onset Storage Modulus, °F (°C)*	182 (83)	ASTM E 1640
Heat Deflection Temperature, °F (°C)	183 (84)	ASTM D 648
Tg DSC Ultimate	202 (94.3)	ASTM E 1356

<sup>\*1</sup> Hz, 3°C per minute.

Cure Cycle: 24 hours @ Room Temperature + 4 hours @  $250^{\circ}F$ .

#### Mixing:

The storage temperature of Slow Infusion Epoxy will greatly affect the ease of mixing, application and curing time. For best results, Slow Infusion Epoxy should be stored at 70-80 °F (21-27 °C). High-performance epoxy resins may crystallize with repeated exposure to low temperatures or thermal cycling during storage. If this occurs, warm the resin to 140-160° F and stir to dissolve any crystals or solidified material. Mix RESIN WITH (hardener) for 3 minutes using a Jiffy Mixer and a slow speed drill. Mix at slow speed (less than 500 rpm) to avoid air entrainment. When adding part B to part A, be sure to scrape the sides of the hardener (part B) container in order to remove all of the hardener. This is essential to maintain proper mix ratio. DO NOT mix more material than can be used within the stated working time. REMEMBER - you will have less working time at higher temperatures

### **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

Avoid breathing of vapors. Forced local exhaust is recommended to effectively minimize exposure. NIOSH approved, organic vapor respirators and forced exhaust are recommended in confined areas, or when conditions (such as heated polymers, sanding) may cause high vapor concentrations. **DO NOT WELD ON, BURN OR TORCH ON OR NEAR, ANY EPOXY MATERIAL. HAZARDOUS VAPOR IS RELEASED WHEN AN EPOXY IS BURNED.** 

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